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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name	: Shell Spirax S6 AXME 75W-9	0
Product code	: 001D8290	

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture	: Transmission oil.
Uses advised against	: This product must not be used in applications other than those listed in Section 1 without first seeking the advice of the
	supplier.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Shell Cen London SE1 7NA	
Telefax	 : (+44) 08007318888 : If you have any enquiries about the content of this SDS please email lubricantSDS@shell.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

: +44-(0) 151-350-4595

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard,	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting
Category 3	effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms	:	No Hazard Symbol required	
Signal word	:	No signal word	
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS: Not classified as a physical hazard according to CLP criteria.	

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	H412	HEALTH HAZARDS: Not classified as a health hazard under (criteria. ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Precautionary statements	: Prevention: P273 Response:	Avoid release to the	environment.	
		No precautionary phi	rases.	
	Storage:	No precautionary ph	rases.	
	Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents/	container to an	
		approved waste disp		

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any REACH registered substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis.

Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Not classified as flammable but will burn.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature	: Synthetic base oil and additives. Highly refined mineral oil.
	The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO- extract, according to IP346.
	The highly refined mineral oil is only present as additive diluent.

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Classification (REGULATION	Concentration [%]
	Registration number	(EC) No 1272/2008)	
Alkyl amine	111-86-4 203-916-0	Acute Tox.3; H301 Acute Tox.3; H311 Skin Corr.1; H314 Eye Dam.1; H318 Acute Tox.4; H332 STOT SE3; H335 Aquatic Acute1;	0.1 - 0.9

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Alkenyl amine	1213789-63-9 01-2119473797-19	H400 Flam. Liq.3; H226 Aquatic Chronic2; H411 Acute Tox.4; H302 Asp. Tox.1; H304 Skin Corr.1; H314 STOT SE3; H335 STOT RE2; H373 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.25 - 0.9	
Alkyl dithiophosphate	255881-94-8 401-850-9	Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	0.25 - 0.9	
Alcohols, C12-14, ethoxylated	68439-50-9	Eye Dam.1; H318 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Skin Irrit.2; H315 Aquatic Chronic3; H412	0.1 - 0.9	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Protection of first-aiders	: When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.	
If inhaled	: No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use. If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.	
In case of skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. 	
In case of eye contact	 Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. 	
If swallowed	: In general no treatment is necessary unless large quantities are swallowed, however, get medical advice.	
4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed		

Symptoms : Oil acne	/folliculitis signs and symptoms may include formation
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	of black pustules and spots on the s Ingestion may result in nausea, vom	•
4.3 Indication of any imme	ediate medical attention and special treatme	nt needed
Treatment	: Notes to doctor/physician: Treat symptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	oam, water spray or fog. Dry ioxide, sand or earth may be	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	o not use water in a jet.	
5.2 Special hazards arising from	ubstance or mixture	
Specific hazards during firefighting	lazardous combustion product nixture of airborne solid and li smoke). Carbon monoxide ma ombustion occurs. Unidentifie ompounds.	quid particulates and gases ay be evolved if incomplete
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	arge contact with spilled produ	al resistant suit is indicated if uct is expected. Self-Contained worn when approaching a fire in ghter's clothing approved to
Specific extinguishing methods	lse extinguishing measures the surrour incumstances and the surrour surrour incumstances and the surrour	hat are appropriate to local

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	: 6.1.1 For non emergency personnel:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
	6.1.2 For emergency responders:
	Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. Prevent from spreading or entering drains,
		ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate

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barriers.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Soak up residue with an absorbent such as clay, sand or other suitable material and dispose of properly.
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6.4 Reference to other sections

For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet., For guidance on disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

General Precautions	: Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	
Advice on safe handling	 Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid inhaling vapour and/or mists. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Properly dispose of any contaminated rags or cleaning materials in order to prevent fires.
Product Transfer	: Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
	Proper grounding and bonding procedures should be used during all bulk transfer operations to avoid static accumulation.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, in	cluding any incompatibilities
Other data	: Keep container tightly closed and in a cool, well-ventilated place. Use properly labeled and closable containers.
	Store at ambient temperature.
	Store at ambient temperature.
	Refer to section 15 for any additional specific legislation covering the packaging and storage of this product.

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	The storage of this product may be s Pollution (Oil Storage) (England) Re guidance may be obtained from the agency office.	gulations. Further
Packaging material	: Suitable material: For containers or steel or high density polyethylene. Unsuitable material: PVC.	container linings, use mild
Container Advice	: Polyethylene containers should not temperatures because of possible ri	
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	: Not applicable.	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
Oil mist, mineral		TWA	5 mg/m3	US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated. **Monitoring Methods**

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

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8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measuresThe level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include:

Adequate ventilation to control airborne concentrations.

Where material is heated, sprayed or mist formed, there is greater potential for airborne concentrations to be generated.

General Information:

Define procedures for safe handling and maintenance of controls.

Educate and train workers in the hazards and control measures relevant to normal activities associated with this product.

Ensure appropriate selection, testing and maintenance of equipment used to control exposure, e.g. personal protective equipment, local exhaust ventilation.

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Retain drain downs in sealed storage pending disposal or subsequent recycle.

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

Personal protective equipment

The provided information is made in consideration of the PPE directive (Council Directive 89/686/EEC) and the CEN European Committee for Standardisation (CEN) standards.

Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.

Eye protection	:	If material is handled such that it could be splashed into eyes,
		protective eyewear is recommended.
		Approved to EU Standard EN166.

Hand protection

Remarks

: Where hand contact with the product may occur the use of gloves approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: EN374, US: F739) made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection. PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Personal hygiene is a key element of effective hand care. Gloves must only be worn on clean hands. After using gloves, hands should be washed and dried thoroughly. Application of a non-perfumed moisturizer is recommended.

For continuous contact we recommend gloves with breakthrough time of more than 240 minutes with preference

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	for > 480 minutes where suitable gld short-term/splash protection we reco recognize that suitable gloves offeri may not be available and in this cas time maybe acceptable so long as a and replacement regimes are follow a good predictor of glove resistance dependent on the exact composition Glove thickness should be typically depending on the glove make and n	ommend the same but ing this level of protection se a lower breakthrough appropriate maintenance ved. Glove thickness is not to a chemical as it is n of the glove material. greater than 0.35 mm
Skin and body protection	: Skin protection is not ordinarily required work clothes. It is good practice to wear chemical	
Respiratory protection	: No respiratory protection is ordinaril conditions of use. In accordance with good industrial h precautions should be taken to avoi If engineering controls do not mainta concentrations to a level which is ac health, select respiratory protection specific conditions of use and meeti Check with respiratory protective ec Where air-filtering respirators are su appropriate combination of mask ar Select a filter suitable for combined and vapours [Type A/Type P boiling meeting EN14387 and EN143.	hygiene practices, id breathing of material. ain airborne dequate to protect worker equipment suitable for the ing relevant legislation. quipment suppliers. uitable, select an hd filter. particulate/organic gases
Thermal hazards	: Not applicable	
Hygiene measures	: Exposure to this product should be reasonably practicable. Reference s Health and Safety Executive's public Essentials".	should be made to the
Environmental exposure co	ntrols	
General advice	: Take appropriate measures to fulfill relevant environmental protection le contamination of the environment by Section 6. If necessary, prevent un being discharged to waste water. W treated in a municipal or industrial w before discharge to surface water. Local guidelines on emission limits must be observed for the discharge	egislation. Avoid y following advice given in dissolved material from /aste water should be vaste water treatment plant for volatile substances

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vapour.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	Liquid at room temperature.
Colour	:	amber
Odour	:	Slight hydrocarbon
Odour Threshold	:	Data not available
рН	:	Not applicable
pour point	:	-42 °CMethod: ISO 3016
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	> 280 °Cestimated value(s)
Flash point	:	210 °C Method: ISO 2592
Evaporation rate	:	Data not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Data not available
Upper explosion limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)
Lower explosion limit	:	Typical 1 %(V)
Vapour pressure	:	< 0.5 Pa (20 °C) estimated value(s)
Relative vapour density		> 1estimated value(s)
Relative density		0.878 (15 °C)
Relative density	•	
Density	:	878 kg/m3 (15.0 °C) Method: ISO 12185
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	negligible
Solubility in other solvents	:	Data not available
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	log Pow: > 6(based on information on similar products)
Auto-ignition temperature	:	> 320 °C

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Decomposition temperature	: Data not available	
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	: Data not available	
Viscosity, kinematic	: 115 mm2/s (40.0 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
	15.2 mm2/s (100 °C) Method: ISO 3104	
Explosive properties	: Not classified	
Oxidizing properties	: Data not available	
9.2 Other information		
Conductivity	: This material is not expected to be a	a static accumulator.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product does not pose any further reactivity hazards in addition to those listed in the following sub-paragraph.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable.

No hazardous reaction is expected when handled and stored according to provisions

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions	: Reacts with strong oxidising agents.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Strong oxidising agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition	: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
products	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

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Basis for assessment	: Information given is based on data on the toxicology of similar products.Unle the data presented is representative o whole, rather than for individual compo	ess indicated otherwise, f the product as a
Information on likely routes of exposure	: Skin and eye contact are the primary r although exposure may occur followin	
Acute toxicity		
Product:		
Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 rat: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classifica	ation criteria are not met.
Acute inhalation toxicity	: Remarks: Based on available data, the are not met.	e classification criteria
Acute dermal toxicity	: LD50 Rabbit: > 5,000 mg/kg Remarks: Low toxicity: Based on available data, the classifica	ation criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to skin., Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper cleaning can clog the pores of the skin resulting in disorders such as oil acne/folliculitis., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Remarks: Slightly irritating to the eye., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Remarks: For respiratory and skin sensitisation:, Not a sensitiser., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

: Remarks: Non mutagenic, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

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Product:

Remarks: Not a carcinogen., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Material	GHS/CLP Carcinogenicity Classification
Highly refined mineral oil	No carcinogenicity classification.

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Remarks: Not a developmental toxicant., Does not impair fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal., ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

Remarks: Slightly irritating to respiratory system.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

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Summary on evaluation of Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	the CMR properties : This product does not meet the crite categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the crite categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	: This product does not meet the crite categories 1A/1B.	ria for classification in

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Basis for assessment	:	 Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representative of the product as a whole, rather than for individual component(s).(LL/EL/IL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).Test data for additive packages has also been used in the classification of this product. 	
Product:			
Toxicity to fish (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful	
Toxicity to crustacean (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful	
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 10-100 mg/l Harmful	
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to crustacean (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	
Toxicity to microorganisms (Acute toxicity)	:	Remarks: Data not available	

<u>Components:</u> Alkyl dithiophosphate :

M-Factor (Short-term (acute) : 1

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aquatic hazard)		
12.2 Persistence and degradability	y	
Product:		
Biodegradability	: Remarks: Not readily biodegradable. inherently biodegradable, but contain persist in the environment.	
12.3 Bioaccumulative potential		
Product:		
Bioaccumulation	: Remarks: Contains components with bioaccumulate.	the potential to
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: log Pow: > 6Remarks: (based on info products)	ormation on similar
12.4 Mobility in soil		
Product:		
Mobility	: Remarks: Liquid under most environmenters soil, it will adsorb to soil partic mobile. Remarks: Floats on water.	
12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB ass	essment	
Product:		
Assessment	: This mixture does not contain any RI substances that are assessed to be a	
12.6 Other adverse effects		
Product:		
Additional ecological information	 Does not have ozone depletion poter ozone creation potential or global wa is a mixture of non-volatile componer released to air in any significant quar conditions of use. Poorly soluble mixture., Causes physorganisms. 	arming potential., Product nts, which will not be ntities under normal

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product	: Recover or recycle if possible. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations.
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	Do not dispose into the en courses	vironment, in drains or in water
		be allowed to contaminate soil or sed of into the environment. luct is dangerous waste.
Contaminated packaging	to a recognized collector of the collector of contractor	th prevailing regulations, preferably or contractor. The competence of should be established beforehand. ordance with applicable regional, nd regulations.
Local legislation		
Waste catalogue	:	
	EU Waste Disposal Code	(EWC):
Waste Code	:	
	13 02 06*	
Remarks	: Disposal should be in accornational, and local laws ar	ordance with applicable regional, nd regulations.
	Classification of waste is a user.	always the responsibility of the end
	Hazardous Waste (Englar	nd and Wales) Regulations 2005.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.2 Proper shipping name	
ADR	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
RID	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
IMDG	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
ΙΑΤΑ	: Not regulated as a dangerous good
14.3 Transport hazard class	

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ADR RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good 	
14.4 Packing group		
ADR RID IMDG IATA	 Not regulated as a dangerous good 	
14.5 Environmental hazards		
ADR RID IMDG	 Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good Not regulated as a dangerous good 	
14.6 Special precautions for user		
Remarks	: Special Precautions: Refer to Section 7, H for special precautions which a user needs needs to comply with in connection with tra	to be aware of or

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances s (Annex XIV)	subject to authorisation : Product is not subject to Authorisation under REACH.
Volatile organic compounds	: 0%
Other regulations	 The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material. Environmental Protection Act 1990 (as amended). Health and Safety at Work etc. Act 1974. Consumers Protection Act 1987. Pollution Prevention and Control Act 1999. Environment Act 1995. Factories Act 1961. The Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2011. Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009. Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended). Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997. Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (as amended). Personal Protective Equipment Regulations 2002. Personal

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	Protective Equipment at Work Regular Waste (England and Wales) Regular Control of Major Accident Hazards R amended). Renewable Transport Fu (as amended). Energy Act 2011. Env (England and Wales) Regulations 20 (England and Wales) Regulations 20 Planning (Hazardous Substances) A regulations. The Environmental Prote Ozone-Depleting Substances) Regu	tions 2005(as amended). Regulations 1999 (as el Obligations Order 2007 vironmental Permitting 010 (as amended). Waste 011 (as amended). ct 1990 and associated ection (Controls on
	Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the and of the Council of 18 December 2 Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation Chemicals (REACH), annex XIV. Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the and of the Council of 18 December 2 Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation Chemicals (REACH), annex XVII. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protecti	2006 concerning the on and Restriction of e European Parliament 2006 concerning the on and Restriction of
	risks related to exposure to carcinog and its amendments. Directive 1994/33/EC on the protecti work and its amendments. Council Directive 92/85/EEC on the to encourage improvements in the sa pregnant workers and workers who h or are breastfeeding and its amendm	ens or mutagens at work on of young people at introduction of measures afety and health at work of nave recently given birth

EINECS	: All components listed or polymer exempt.
TSCA	: All components listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier. No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 3, H412

Classification procedure:

Expert judgement and weight of evidence determination.

Full text of H-Statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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H311	Toxic in contact with skin.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H332	Harmful if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolong	ed or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effect	ts.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
Full text of other abb	reviations	
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity	
Aquatic Acute	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard	
Aquatic Chronic	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard	
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard	
Eye Dam.	Serious eye damage	
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids	
Skin Corr.	Skin corrosion	
Skin Irrit.	Skin irritation	
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated expos	ure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
Abbreviations and Acr		
	Hygienists	
	ADR = European Agreement concer	ning the International
	Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Ro	
	AICS = Australian Inventory of Chen	
	ASTM = American Society for Testin	
	BEL = Biological exposure limits	3
	BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbe	nzene. Xvlenes
	CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service	
	CEFIC = European Chemical Indust	ry Council
	CLP = Classification Packaging and	
	COC = Cleveland Open-Cup	Laboling
	DIN = Deutsches Institut fur Normun	n
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Leve	5
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level	
	DSL = Canada Domestic Substance	List
	EC = European Commission	2.01
	EC50 = Effective Concentration fifty	
	ECETOC = European Center on Eco	otoxicology and
	Toxicology Of Chemicals	
	ECHA = European Chemicals Agend	2V
	EINECS = The European Inventory	
	Chemical Substances	
	EL50 = Effective Loading fifty	
	ENCS = Japanese Existing and New	Chemical Substances
	Inventory EWC – European Waste Code	
	EWC = European Waste Code	of Classification and
	GHS = Globally Harmonised System Labelling of Chemicals	

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Version 3.6	IARC = International Agency for Res IATA = International Air Transport A: IC50 = Inhibitory Concentration fifty IL50 = Inhibitory Level fifty IMDG = International Maritime Dang INV = Chinese Chemicals Inventory IP346 = Institute of Petroleum test determination of polycyclic aromatics KECI = Korea Existing Chemicals In LC50 = Lethal Concentration fifty LD50 = Lethal Dose fifty per cent. LL/EL/IL = Lethal Loading/Effective I LL50 = Lethal Loading fifty MARPOL = International Conventior Pollution From Ships NOEC/NOEL = No Observed Effect Observed Effect Level OE_HPV = Occupational Exposure - PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative a PICCS = Philippine Inventory of Che Substances PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concer REACH = Registration Evaluation A Chemicals RID = Regulations Relating to Intern Dangerous Goods by Rail SKIN_DES = Skin Designation STEL = Short term exposure limit TRA = Targeted Risk Assessment TSCA = US Toxic Substances Contr TWA = Time-Weighted Average	search on Cancer ssociation gerous Goods method N° 346 for the s DMSO-extractables iventory Loading/Inhibitory loading n for the Prevention of Concentration / No - High Production Volume and Toxic emicals and Chemical intration nd Authorisation Of hational Carriage of
—	vPvB = very Persistent and very Bio	
Further information Training advice	: Provide adequate information, instru operators.	iction and training for
Other information	: A vertical bar () in the left margin ind from the previous version.	dicates an amendment
Sources of key data used to compile the Safety Data Sheet	: The quoted data are from, but not lir sources of information (e.g. toxicolog Health Services, material suppliers' IUCLID date base, EC 1272 regulati	gical data from Shell data, CONCAWE, EU
Identified Uses according to Uses - Worker	o the Use Descriptor System	
Title	: General use of lubricants and grease	s in vehicles or

Shell Spirax S6 AXME 75W-90

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	machinery Professional	
Uses - Worker		
Title	: General use of lubricants and grease machinery Industrial	s in vehicles or

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker
30000010642

30000010042	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery Professional
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 22 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 8a, PROC 8b, PROC 20 Environmental Release Categories: ERC9a, ERC9b, ESVOC SpERC 9.6b.v1
Scope of process	Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for human health.

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposur	re
Amounts Used		
EU tonnage (tonnes per year):		5,387.2
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Fraction of Regional tonnage	used locally:	0.1
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Emission Days (days/year):		365
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution factor:		100
Other Operational Conditions affecting Environmental Exposure		
Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water		r
contact.		
Release fraction to air from process (after typical onsite RMMs) :		
Release fraction to wastewater from process (after typical onsite		5.00E-04
RMMs and before (municipal) sewage treatment plant):		
Release fraction to soil from process (after typical onsite RMMs):		1E-03
Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release		
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process		
release estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air		
emissions and releases to soil		

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Prevent discharge o wastewater.	of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
Organisational me	asures to prevent/limit release from site	
Do not apply industr	rial sludge to natural soils.	
Sludge should be in	cinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Me	easures related to municipal sewage treatment	plant
Estimated substance treatment (%)	e removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	87.3
Assumed domestic	sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.00E+03
Maximum allowable as above (kg/day) :	site quantity (MSafe) based on OCs and RMMs	424.6
Conditions and Me	easures related to external treatment of waste for	or disposal
External treatment a regulations.	and disposal of waste should comply with applicabl	e local and/or regional
Conditions and me	easures related to external recovery of waste	
External recovery an regulations.	nd recycling of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or regional

SECTION 3	EXPOSURE ESTIMATION
Section 3.1 - Health	
No exposure assessment presented for human health.	

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used ECETOC TRA model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	
No exposure assessment presented for human health	

exposure assessment presented for human health.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a sitespecific chemical safety assessment is required.

For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES.

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Exposure Scenario - Worker
30000010643

30000010043	
SECTION 1	EXPOSURE SCENARIO TITLE
Title	General use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery Industrial
Use Descriptor	Sector of Use: SU 3 Process Categories: PROC 1, PROC 2, PROC 8b, PROC 9 Environmental Release Categories: ERC4, ERC7, ATIEL- ATC SPERC 4.Bi.v1
Scope of process	Covers general use of lubricants and greases in vehicles or machinery in closed systems. Includes filling and draining of containers and operation of enclosed machinery (including engines) and associated maintenance and storage activities.

SECTION 2	OPERATIONAL CONDITIONS AND RISK MANAGEMENT MEASURES
Additional Information	No exposure assessment presented for human health.

Section 2.1	Control of Worker Exposure
Product Characteristics	

Contributing Scenarios Risk Management Measures

Section 2.2	Control of Environmental Exposu	re
Amounts Used		
EU tonnage (tonnes per year):		2.63E+03
Fraction of EU tonnage used	in region:	0.1
Fraction of Regional tonnage		0.1
Frequency and Duration of	Use	
Emission Days (days/year):		300
Environmental factors not i	nfluenced by risk management	
Local freshwater dilution factor	or:	10
Local marine water dilution fa		100
	ns affecting Environmental Exposu	
Negligible wastewater emissi	ons as process operates without wate	r
contact.		
Release fraction to air from p	rocess (after typical onsite RMMs) :	5.00E-05
	er from process (after typical onsite	2.00E-11
RMMs and before (municipal)		
	process (after typical onsite RMMs):	0
Technical conditions and m	easures at process level (source) t	o prevent release
Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process		
release estimates used.		
Technical onsite conditions emissions and releases to s	and measures to reduce or limit d	ischarges, air
	a typical removal efficiency of (%)	70

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Prevent discharge o wastewater.	f undissolved substance to or recover from onsite	
	ned to be provided with oil/water separators or aste water to be discharged via public sewer	
Organisational mea	asures to prevent/limit release from site	
	ial sludge to natural soils. cinerated, contained or reclaimed.	
Conditions and Me	asures related to municipal sewage treatment p	lant
	e removal from wastewater via domestic sewage	87.3
Assumed domestic s	sewage treatment plant flow (m3/d)	2.00E+03
Maximum allowable as above (kg/day) :	site quantity (MSafe) based on OCs and RMMs	43,615.4
Conditions and Me	asures related to external treatment of waste fo	r disposal
External treatment a regulations.	nd disposal of waste should comply with applicable	e local and/or regional
Conditions and me	asures related to external recovery of waste	
	nd recycling of waste should comply with applicable	local and/or regional

SECTION 3 EXPOSURE ESTIMATION Section 3.1 - Health

No exposure assessment presented for human health.

Section 3.2 - Environment

Used ECETOC TRA model.

SECTION 4	GUIDANCE TO CHECK COMPLIANCE WITH THE EXPOSURE SCENARIO
Section 4.1 - Health	

No exposure assessment presented for human health.

Section 4.2 - Environment

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures.

Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet (http://cefic.org).

If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a sitespecific chemical safety assessment is required.

For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES.

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